



ALEXANDRIA.

TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 6.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

"To show the very age and body of the times."

The London Star says: "There are now building in London a church, a public hall and a school-room attached, intended to be a memorial of the abolition of slavery in America, and of the public services of the late President Lincoln. The work is under the superintendence of Dr. F. Tomkins, D. C. L., who has spent some time in America. The Rev. C. W. Denison, the American agent, has now presented this object in Paris.

Philadelphia has among housekeepers, the reputation of being the best and cheapest market in the country. The explanation is simple. It furnishes the greatest facilities to country people to come in and sell their own products from their own wagons. The result is that the city is perfectly surrounded with garden patches, and the markets are thronged with produce.

The "strike" in the Pittsburg Rolling Mills, which ended in a "lock out" on the part of the proprietors, has been settled by a compromise—the result having been, seven thousand men thrown out of employment ever since March last, with a loss during that whole time of all their accustomed wages, and no benefit whatever obtained.

In Norfolk, last Thursday night, an iron safe, weighing some 300 pounds, was stolen from a store. It is mentioned as a "coincidence," that on Thursday morning one of the party who had been arrested and tried for stealing a safe from the McClellan House, was discharged, and that very night another safe was stolen.

A California correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce calls attention to the practice of polygamy and slavery on the Pacific coast, within the States and Territories. Both the e institutions, he says, prevail among the China settlements and native American races, without hindrance or denunciation.

Yesterday, at New Haven (Conn.) two lads, aged about 15 years, named Thomas Sullivan and Matthew Cahill, while returning from Sunday school, got into an altercation, and Sullivan stabbed Cahill with a penknife, inflicting a wound from which he died in a few hours. Sullivan has been arrested.

Admiral Tucker (formerly of the late Confederate navy) has not, as it is erroneously reported by some of the New York papers, been dismissed from the Peruvian navy. He was simply relieved, at his own request, from the command of the fleet. He still holds his rank as vice-Admiral in the navy.

The officers of the Secret Service Division arrested a few days ago, near Lawrence, Kansas, two counterfeiters. Over \$200 in counterfeit \$20 and \$50 treasury notes, one set of steel dies for making counterfeit \$10 coin, crucibles, batteries, &c., were found in their possession.

P. T. Blow, who testified recently before the Congressional Investigating Committee, with reference to the Lowenthal frauds, and the relations of Lowenthal with the Pay Department, was yesterday discharged by Gen. C. H. Tompkins, deputy quartermaster general, under whom Blow was employed as a clerk.

The old Atlantic cable has broken again.—The point of rupture is about fifty nautical miles from Heart's Content. It is said that from the moderate depth of water at the place indicated, the cable can be repaired with great facility.

A disturbance recently occurred in Centreville, Md., between the whites and blacks, in which pistols were used, and several persons wounded. Whiskey was one and the principal cause of the tumult.

Advices from New Orleans state on the authority of the captain of the Austrian steamer Elizabeth, that up to this time the Mexican Government has refused to deliver up the body of Maximilian.

Mr. Samuel Bradley, of Boston, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his marriage last Wednesday by a family gathering, being at that time in his usual health. The next day he was dead.

During the month of July 23,376 emigrants arrived at New York. Nearly one-half of the number remain in that State, while of the Western States Illinois receives the largest proportion.

Sheridan yesterday removed Joseph Hernandez, the Treasurer of the city of New Orleans, and appointed Stoddard Howell in his place. Hernandez was an "impediment to reconstruction."

From Nashville we learn that Major Alden, Commissioner of Registration, was bound over yesterday by the City Recorder, for issuing (fraudulent?) registration certificates.

Marquez and Jairoga have succeeded in escaping from the City of Mexico. They shot four soldiers who attempted to intercept them, and took to the mountains.

In Baltimore, a colored cavalry company is forming, to be called the "Bond Cavalry," and the colored Republican league is to have a flag presentation to-day.

General Rousseau is on his way to Washington for consultation with the Russian Commissioner respecting the transfer of our newly acquired territory.

Five cholera deaths occurred in New Orleans Saturday, and seven yesterday. The chief of police and Dr. Laylor, medical director, are dead.

Eighty cases of yellow fever are reported at Galveston, and twelve deaths from the same disease at Corpus Christi.

Ten extensive oil wells were destroyed by fire at Petrolia, Pa., on Saturday night.

There were forty deaths from cholera at Memphis last week.

THE ANTHRACITE COAL TRADE.—The trade still continues in the most depressed condition. The inactivity in the manufacturing interests is seriously affecting the coal business, as there appears to be no demand at present for the quality and sizes generally used for such purposes. None but the choicest coal now finds market, of which it is believed there will be a scarcity soon, as the majority of the miners who are furnishing that class of coal are about stopping their collieries, being compelled to do so for want of better prices. Well prepared coal cannot be furnished at the prices now offering without loss to the miner, and unless prices advance or considerable reduction is made in labor, which is already very low, even many of those who produce a cheaper and inferior article will find it more profitable to stop than to continue at these prices.—*Philadelphia Gazette.*

THE RECOMMENDATION OF MRS. SURRATT TO MERCY.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, in his dispatch of the 4th, says:

"I have obtained access to the original files, and find that the recommendation is attached to the order approving the death sentence by red tape, through eyelet holes at the top of the sheets of foolscap on which they are both written, in the usual manner in which such papers are joined together. The recommendation reads as follows: 'The undersigned, members of the military commission detailed to try Mrs. Mary E. Surritt and others for conspiracy and the murder of Abraham Lincoln, late President of the United States, &c., respectfully pray the President, in consideration of the sex and age of the said Mary E. Surritt, if he can, upon all the facts in the case, find it consistent with his sense of duty to his country, to commute the sentence of death which the court have been constrained to pronounce to imprisonment in the penitentiary for life. Respectfully submitted: D. Hunter, major general, president; Aug. Kauz, brigadier and brevet major general; R. S. Foster, brigadier and brevet major general; James A. Ekin, brevet brigadier general; Charles H. Tompkins, brevet colonel and assistant quartermaster.' The recommendation was drawn up by the Hon. John A. Bingham, judge advocate. The following members of the commission did not sign it: Generals Lew. Wallace, A. P. Howe, J. M. Harris, and Colonel R. D. Clendenen."

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun says:

"It is understood that Mr. Johnson unequivocally denies that the papers and finding of the court in the assassination trial were first submitted to the Cabinet before he signed his approval of the action of the court. He says the official record was presented to him by Gen. Hunter, and it was signed in his presence; that at that time no recommendation for commutation of sentence of Mrs. Surritt was attached to the papers."

The approval of the sentence by the President was commenced on the next to the last page on the last sheet of the document, and finished on the other side of the same paper, instead of only writing on one side of the sheet, as on the other sheets, and this was done because there was no other sheet remaining, and fastened to the document presented for his signature. As the document is now found in the War Department, the recommendation for commutation of Mrs. Surritt's sentence follows all the other matter, and is the conclusion of the document.

In the official report of the trial by Pittman, who had access to the records and documents, by making up his book, everything appears except the recommendation for commutation of sentence. Mr. Pittman says in the introduction to his book that it contains all the orders, findings, sentences, documents, etc., connected with the trial.

It appears that the papers were not presented to the Cabinet until the application for habeas corpus was made, and after approval of the sentence by the President. The recommendation for commutation is not in the handwriting of Mr. Bingham, as alleged by some."

FOREIGN NEWS.—European dispatches last night state that semi-official journals in Paris deny that Napoleon's visit to Vienna has any political object. Gen. Fariola, one of the Fenian prisoners in Dublin, has turned State's evidence, and offered to reveal the secrets of the Fenian organization. The U. S. practice squadron from Annapolis has sailed from Portsmouth for home.

The claims of France and French subjects against Mexico are to be carefully revised by a commission which has just been appointed by the Emperor Napoleon for that purpose.

Garibaldi, on entering Pistoia, was received with veritable ovation. Addressing the crowd, he said: "I know that all your demonstrations, so flattering, so enthusiastic, are addressed, not to the man, but to the principle, and they teach me that the national cause is progressing. The Italians do not want foreign pressure; your demonstration of to-day is a proof of that. We want to see Italy strong and powerful. Rome must be ours, in spite of internal enemies and all foreign despots. Old though I am, I firmly hope to go with you to Rome. Adieu."

No "ACCIDENT."—Mr. Botts, in his speech in Richmond, after the late Convention was over, renewed his proffer of allegiance; and, in the absence of an apology for the affront put on him, showed his own excessive complaisance by suggesting that it was perhaps "an accident." But there is literally no room for this suggestion. The case was clearly like that of the Irishman who was pursued by a bull across a field. Just as he reached the fence, he was overtaken by the furious beast. With one loss of his horns, the latter landed the man over the fence, and then stood bellowing and pawing the ground. "None of your apologies, and none of your bowing and scraping, ye wretch! ye did it of purpose,—ye know ye did!" said the irate Irishman, as he recovered his perpendicularity. Mr. Botts with equal confidence dismiss all idea that his late humiliation was "an accident." He must not mistake Hummatt's post-convention civilities,—his "bowing and scraping" after the deed was well done.—*Richmond Enquirer.*

COLORADO CONGRESSMEN.—The Petersburg Express seems to be in favor of carrying the principle of colored suffrage to a legitimate conclusion, despite the efforts of those who want colored votes, but claim the offices for themselves. Says the Express: "We confess that the Radicals have got the black man the right of voting, but have they got him the right of being voted for? That is the point to which we call the special attention of the intelligent portion of the black population. The Radicals, who profess to be their particular friends, won't hear of such a thing. They want their votes, but the offices they want for themselves."—*Lynchburg Virginian.*

THE CONVENTION.—The recent "so-called" convention—really saturnalia—held in this city reminds one of the feast to which the fox invited the stork, which was served in shallow dishes. Here the old fox and the whelps lapped up the soup till more than staid, while the poor country stork and her "co-operative" fledglings were not able to get a scrap of food with the points of their long beaks! Their privation was made the more tantalizing by the remark occasionally addressed to them—"sorry you have such a poor appetite."—*Richmond Dispatch.*

SURRATT'S TRIAL.—Mr. Pierpont continued his address before the jury in the Surritt case yesterday, pursuing the same line of argument and in the same vein as upon Saturday. In conclusion Mr. P. stated that he would finish his speech after an hour's address to-day. Judge Fisher's charge to the jury will follow.

FINANCIAL.—The debt statement for the month of July, and for the last fiscal year will probably be issued to-day, and it is thought will show a fair reduction. Since the last monthly statement the Government has paid over forty millions of interest on its bonds, half of which was in payment of late, which income tax had been heavy of late, which is the main cause of the reduction which the July statement will exhibit.—*Wash. Chron.*

MR. LINCOLN'S DREAM.—In the course of Judge Pierpont's argument yesterday afternoon he alluded, to a dream of Mr. Lincoln, which on several occasions had occurred to him before great national calamities. This dream he had the night before his assassination, and the next day he mentioned the fact to General Grant, among others, saying that he feared some great evil, and expressing a strong desire to hear from Sherman, who was then in North Carolina, and whose army was the only one not in telegraphic communication with Washington. Judge Pierpont did not relate the dream itself; but Mr. Lincoln related it before his death, and like everything in any way connected with that sad tragedy, it cannot fail to have a most pathetic interest. He seemed to be at sea in a vessel, that was swept along by an irresistible current toward a maelstrom, from which it seemed no power could save her.—Faster and faster the whirling waters swept the fated ship toward the vortex, until, looking down into the black abyss, amid the deafening roar of the waves, and with the sensation of sinking down, down, down an unfathomable depth, the terrified dreamer awoke. The same terrible dream Mr. Lincoln had four times; first before the first battle of Bull Run, again before the second disastrous defeat at the same place, again before the battle of Murfreesboro, and finally, as above mentioned, on the night before his own assassination.—Mr. Lincoln had at last come to recognize the danger as a portent of some grave disaster.—*Washington Chronicle.*

CIDER.—As cider-time is at hand, we publish the following information as to its proper manufacture, furnished us by a friend, which will be of much use to those who will give due attention, in enabling them to secure a better quality of this delightful beverage.—Our friend says that "much of the excellence of cider depends upon the temperature at which the fermentation is conducted, and is a point greatly overlooked by manufacturers of this liquor. As soon as expressed from the fruit, it should be strained into sulphured casks, and placed in a cool situation where the temperature does not exceed 50° Fahr.—If left in the heating sun, much of the alcohol formed by the decomposition of the sugar is converted into vinegar by the absorption of atmospheric oxygen, and thus the liquor becomes acid and rough. On the contrary, if the fermentation be conducted at a low temperature, nearly the whole of the sugar is converted into alcohol and remains in the liquor instead of undergoing the process of acidification. The acetous fermentation or the conversion of alcohol into vinegar proceeds most rapidly at a temperature of 95° Fahr., and at lower temperatures the action becomes slower, until at 46° Fahr. no such change takes place. Independently of differences in the quality of the fruit, this is the principal cause of the superiority of the cider made by one person over another, living in the same neighborhood. The one has a cooler cellar or barn than the other to store his cider in."

In practice it has been found that sour and rough apples produce the best cider.—This arises because they contain less sugar and more Malic acid, and the presence of the latter impedes the conversion of alcohol into vinegar; but cider made with such apples can never equal in quality that prepared at a low temperature from fruit abounding in sugar, which, if properly strained or racked at every indication of fermentation, will keep good twenty years.—*Lynchburg News.*

MASSACHUSETTS "LOYALTY." Among the most fierce and furious in denouncing the border States for "disloyalty" are to be found the Senators and Representatives from Massachusetts. A fact has recently come to light indicating that Massachusetts ought some, at least, of the evidences of her vaunted loyalty just as she would buy other marketable commodities, in open market. It appears, that in order to swell the number of recruits to be credited upon her quota, a battalion from California was induced to credit themselves to Massachusetts, under promises of large bounties and the payment of mileage from California and back. Since the muster out of this battalion it has been ascertained that this double mileage has been deducted from the local bounties promised to be paid, and the amount thereof is now being charged up against the State by the Treasury Department, upon the complaint of these misguided Massachusetts recruits. It will be remembered, also, how active were Massachusetts recruiting agents in procuring recruits from Virginia North and South Carolina to fill up the Massachusetts quota.—*National Intelligencer.*

A QUESTION AND AN ANSWER.—In the account of the sayings and doings of the late Hummatt Convention in Richmond, we find the following:

"Mr. Botts said he had understood Mr. Botts to say that he (Botts) would give votes to monkeys, parrots and niggers if thereby he could beat the Democratic party. He (Mr. Botts) wanted to know from Mr. Botts whether he was willing to vote from principle, justice and right, or merely to beat the Democracy."

Mr. Botts—I am in favor of giving a vote to free American citizens, and if parrots, monkeys, &c., become citizens, he was willing to give them a vote."

KENTUCKY ELECTION.—A dispatch from Louisville dated yesterday, says:—"The State election, so far as heard from, passed off quietly. The result has been a Democratic victory by from 45,000 to 60,000 majority. This city and the county of Jefferson have elected their entire Legislative ticket, of twelve members. It is believed that the Democrats in the State have elected seven-eighths of the Legislature. In this city the Republicans and the third party made a very poor run—Helm, the Democratic candidate for Governor, beating both his opponents by about 3,300 majority."

MARRIED.—On the 5th instant, at the M. E. Church, by the Rev. J. R. Wheeler, Mr. J. W. SHIVELY, of New York, formerly of West Va., to Miss NANNIE MANKIN, of Alex., Va.

ALEXANDRIA SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—The exercises of this School will be resumed on Monday, the 16th of September next, at the corner of Duke and Washington streets.

TERMS: Preparatory Department, per quarter—\$ 8 00 Junior Class, " " 10 00 Intermediate Class, " " 12 00 Most Advanced Class, " " 15 00 A. 6-6-2m CHAS. L. POWELL A. M.

MISS REBECCA POWELL will open a **DRESS-MAKING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES**, on Monday, the 16th of September next. Her number will be limited to twelve. She will give her whole attention to their instruction in the higher English branches, French and Latin. She has had much experience in teaching, and will be aided by her father, Mr. Charles L. Powell. For further particulars apply to her, at her residence, corner of Duke and Washington streets, A. 6-6-2m.

RECEIVED, TO-DAY, FROM PARRISH'S PHARMACY, Philadelphia, a five gallon demijohn of a most superb article of COGNAC WATER, to which we specially invite the attention of the ladies. Sold in any quantities to suit purchasers, by J. J. MILLER, & CO., A. 6-6-2m Druggists, No. 145, King st.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.—We are now offering our entire stock of Plain, Figured and Striped Organdy and Lace, at great bargains to close out.

ROBERT L. WOOD, Jy 27 Corner King and Fairfax streets.

PLASTER.

GROUND PLASTER.

Having leased the "Alexandria Steam Mills," on Union street, I am prepared to furnish a prime article of GROUND PLASTER on reasonable terms. I am now selling at nine dollars per ton of 2240 pounds—delivered on the cars, if the purchaser will furnish bags, or I will furnish the bags at three cents each, to be returned in ten days. If not returned in that time, an additional charge of three cents per bag will be made for every ten days, or parts thereof.

Feb 25-27 C. F. SUTTLE.

W. FRITH ARMISTEAD, DEALER IN LUMP AND GROUND PLASTER, No. 16, South Wharf, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

GENTS' WHITE SHIRTS.—Just received, from one of the most successful establishments in New York, a full assortment of white shirts, collared and cuff, all of which will be sold at remarkably low prices. Prices of shirts range from \$2.40 to \$4.00 per doz. Parties wishing half dozen or more shirts, can have them ordered in accordance with measurement and which will be warranted to fit.

Jy 21 CHAS. W. GREEN, 68, King st.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Having engaged the services of a first class FINE CAKE, PIE, BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER, PLAIN, POINTED AND FRUIT CAKE, OR ORNAMENTED, would respectfully solicit a call from the public before purchasing elsewhere. Pound, Fruit and Ornamented Cakes made to order.

JAMES H. SIMPSON, No. 8, South Fairfax st.

CEMENT FOR FRUIT JARS.—We offer for sale Cement, prepared, especially, for sealing air tight, Fruit Jars or Cans. It will be found very convenient for home use, for securing Fruit or Vegetable for winter use. Also a full supply of JAR CORKS, of all sizes.

JANNEY & CO., Druggists, No. 145, King street.

JUST RECEIVED.—Hickok's Keystone Cider Mills, Hutchison's Family Cider Mills, Rogers' Improved Hand and Horse Power Hay Presses.

Montgomery's Improved Rockaway Wheat Fans, No. 25 King st., bet. Water & Union, Jy 30-1m Alexandria, Va.

GENTS' SUSPENDERS! GENTS' SUSPENDERS! BOYS' SUSPENDERS! BOYS' SUSPENDERS! Just received a full line of the above goods, all qualities, at low prices.

Jy 16 CHAS. W. GREEN, 68, King st.

LIME! LIME! LIME! Just arrived, per canal boat, S. W. Seaman, 400 bbls. LIME, for sale by

W. A. SMOOT & CO., No. 2, King street.

P. V. S. MANNOR XXX—40 bbls of W. A. Hoppes' Celebrated Virginia Golden Leaf Chewing Tobacco, just received and for sale by

Jy 27 A. J. FLEMING, 9, King st.

OLIVE AND PALE SOAP.—Just received a lot of Bancroft & Co's superior Olive and Pale Soap, celebrated for removing Grease and all stains from clothing, for sale by

Jy 24 A. J. FLEMING, No. 9, King st.

BARGAINS—Lace Points, Silk Wrappings, Summer Shawls, some very desirable, at astonishingly low prices to close out.

ROBERT L. WOOD, Corner King and Fairfax streets, Jy 27 THOMASTON LIME.

100 casks fresh THOMASTON LIME, for sale by LEWIS MCKENZIE, Jy 12 Union street.

FRUIT JARS.—Mason & Willoughby's Self-Sealing Fruit Jars, pint, quart and gallon, received and for sale by the gross or dozen, by

Jy 20 E. J. MILLER, 65, King street.

CHEMICAL ERASIVE SOAP.—Nine boxes of Chemical Erasive Soap, just received and for sale by

Jy 24 ANDREW J. FLEMING, No. 9, King street.

CORSETS! CORSETS! CORSETS!—Just received a full line of French and Domestic Corsets.

Jy 24 CHARLES W. GREEN, No. 68, King street.

SYRUPS.—Star brand extra Golden Syrup, Diamond and Merchant's Syrup, received and for sale low by

Jy 16 J. C. MILBURN.

FISH! FISH! Codfish, No. 1 Mackerel, Shad, Potomac and Scotch Herring, for sale by

Jy 24 LOOMIS & PACKER, 204, King st.

Tobacco.—A fine assortment of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, just received and for sale by

Jy 26 LOOMIS & PACKER, corner Columbus.

FOR SALE.—A very desirable 2 horse spring wagon, suitable for family or country purposes, also, a number one DRAY, by

Jy 24 E. L. TOLSON, 89, Cameron st.

JUST RECEIVED.—A fresh supply of the celebrated "STAR BRAND" LOBSTER, HARRIE HOUGH, Corner Pitt and Prince sts.

100 BBLs. No. 1 POTOMAC HERRING, 100 bbls Family Roe Herring; 25 kits Shad Roe, in store and for sale by

Jy 12-2w HOOE & WEDDERBURN.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES.—Another lot of White Wash Brushes, of Russia Bristles, received to day and for sale by

Jy 17 J. C. MILBURN.

MARBLE DUST.—Calced Plaster, White Sand, Whiting, Putty, Chalk, &c., received and for sale by

Jy 17 HENRY COOK, 39 and 229, King street.

SUGARS.—3 bbls Porto Rico and English Island Sugar, Crushed, Granulated, Powdered, A and Extra C Refined Sugars, received and for sale by

Jy 16 J. C. MILBURN.

BACON.—Choice Hams, Shoulder and Middle Cured Bacon, just received and for sale by

Jy 24 LOOMIS & PACKER, King st., corner Columbus.

BLACKING.—Mason's Challenge Blacking, Bartlett's Improved Green Blacking, for sale by

Jy 27 LOOMIS & PACKER, King street, corner Columbus.

ALICANT MATS.—Just received and for sale by

Jy 22 Corner of Pitt and Prince streets.

PERUVIAN GUANO.—No. 1 Peruvian Guano just received and for sale by

Jy 18-2w W. H. IRWIN, No. 5 South Union street.

SUGARS.—25 bbls and 4 bbls strictly prime B. P. hard and soft crushed, and B. B. Brown Sugar, for sale by

Jy 24 A. J. FLEMING, No. 9, King street.

STRAWBERRIES.—Fresh Strawberries, just received and for sale by

Jy 22-2w FRED. RECKER, King street, corner St. Asaph.

CHOW CHOW.—Crosse & Blackwell's English Chow Chow, received and for sale by

Jy 22-2w FRED. RECKER, King street, corner St. Asaph.

BASKETS.—A fine assortment of Market Baskets and Brooms, just received and for sale by

Jy 23 LOOMIS & PACKER, 204, King st.

CIDER VINEGAR.—5 bbls Vinegar from Apple Cider, for sale by

Jy 22 J. C. MILBURN.

HAMS AND LARD.—received to-day, and for sale by

Jy 21 J. C. MILBURN.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

T. T. GWIN, J. T. BECKHAM, Formerly of Gwin & Son, Culpeper Co., Va. E. L. TOLSON, Maryland.

GWIN, BECKHAM & CO. COMMISSION, GROCERY AND FEED MERCHANTS, No. 32, King street, Jy 19 ALEXANDRIA, VA.

ANDREW J. FLEMING, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 9, King street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Solicits consignments of Country Produce, orders for the purchase of supplies, and produces to give the best attention to any business entrusted to him, and to make prompt returns.

J. F. LARKIN, GROCER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Quick sales and prompt returns. Has large experience in the Dry Goods, Groceries and Liquor Business, &c. Merchants will do well to favor me with orders. I have a variety of TEAS, which will sell below the market price. Also, Grated, Crushed and Brown Sugars.

ROBERT JAMIESON, C. F. LEE, JAMIESON & LEE, GENERAL SHIPPING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 27, North Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

HOOE & WEDDERBURN, (SUCCESSORS TO FOWLE & CO.) COMMISSION, SHIPPING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 2, PRINCE STREET. Also, dealers in GUANO, SALT, LIME, and GROUND PLASTER, FISH, GRAIN and SUGARS.

BAYNE, MILLER & CO. WHOLESALE GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 19, COMMERCE STREET, BALTIMORE. Keep constantly on hand a large supply GROCERIES, TEAS, &c., &c. Will be happy to receive orders for any articles in that line. Baltimore, May 29-ly.

J. BROTHERS & CO. NO. 11, KING STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, LIQUORS, PROVISIONS, SALT FISH, and PRODUCE.

Also keep on hand a general assortment Cordage, Tar, Pitch, Nails, Lime, Packing, Lamps, and Ship and Naval Stores. All orders and consignments promptly attended to, and goods forwarded without delay, consequences of arrival.

Agents for the Baltimore and Potomac Transportation Line. mh 10-6-2

GEORGE WASHINGTON, GROCER, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Office No. 6, Union street, ALEXANDRIA, VA.

Particular attention paid to the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, and of all orders for Groceries, Gunno, Seeds, &c. Goods promptly forwarded.

SAMUEL HARTLEY, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT, No. 13, Union st., Alexandria, Va. Sole agents for Welch's Celebrated Brand FAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR.